

**Cumulative Table of Cases**  
**Connecticut Reports**  
**Volume 328**

*(Replaces Prior Cumulative Table)*

Burke v. Mesniaeff (Order) . . . . .	901
In re Damian G. (Order) . . . . .	902
In re Jacob W. (Order) . . . . .	902
Martinez v. New Haven . . . . .	1
<i>Negligent supervision; claim, pursuant to statute (§ 52-557n), that defendant city and defendant board of education were negligent in failing to properly supervise students in auditorium; whether trial court improperly determined that plaintiff schoolchild, who at school during school hours, satisfied imminent harm to identifiable persons exception to governmental immunity; whether plaintiff failed to satisfy imminent harm prong of that exception because he failed to prove that it was apparent to defendants that claimed dangerous condition, namely, students running with safety scissors, was so likely to cause harm that clear and unequivocal duty to act immediately was created; claim that defendants failed to plead governmental immunity as special defense in operative answer; whether trial court, which never expressly ruled on defendants' request to amend their answer to include governmental immunity as special defense, implicitly granted request to amend answer and overruled objection thereto.</i>	
Rockwell v. Rockwell (Order) . . . . .	902
State v. Josephs . . . . .	21
<i>Cruelty to animals; claim that statute (§ 53-247 [a]) prohibiting person from unjustifiably injuring animal requires proof that defendant had specific intent to injure animal; whether trial court properly concluded that § 53-247 (a) required only general intent to engage in conduct in question; claim that § 53-247 (a) was unconstitutionally vague as applied to defendant's conduct; whether defendant's conduct clearly came within unmistakable core of conduct prohibited under § 53-247 (a); whether evidence was sufficient to convict defendant pursuant to § 53-247 (a).</i>	
State v. Neary (Order) . . . . .	901