

**FINANCIAL INSTITUTION EXECUTION
PROCEEDINGS - JUDGMENT DEBTOR
WHO IS A NATURAL PERSON,
APPLICATION AND EXECUTION**

**STATE OF CONNECTICUT
SUPERIOR COURT**
www.jud.ct.gov



JD-CV-24 Rev. 12-09
C.G.S. §§ 52-356b, 52-367b


(See page 2 for instructions to financial institution)

Instructions - Judgment Creditor Or Attorney

1. Type or print legibly.
2. Complete the application section; prepare original and 2 copies.
3. Complete section 1 of the Exemption Claim Form, JD-CV-24a and attach to this form.
4. Present original and 1 copy to clerk of court. Retain a copy.

Instructions - Clerk

1. Check the file to ensure that the information provided on the application is correct.
2. Sign original execution.
3. Return original to applicant, retain a copy for file.

Address of court		<input type="checkbox"/> Judicial district	<input type="checkbox"/> Geographic area	Docket number
		<input type="checkbox"/> Housing session		
Name and mailing address of Judgment Creditor or Attorney (To be completed by Judgment Creditor)				
				
Name(s) and address(es) of Judgment Creditor(s)				
Name(s) and address(es) of Judgment Debtor(s)				
Date of judgment	1. Amount of judgment (Include, where applicable, prejudgment interest and attorney's fees)	2. Amount of costs	3. Amount of judgment, costs and fees (Add 1 and 2)	
4. Total amount paid (If any)	5. Total amount unpaid (Subtract 4 from 3)	6. Application fee for financial institution execution (If not waived by the court)		
7. Other court ordered postjudgment costs and fees		8. Total of items 5, 6 and 7	Check if applicable <input type="checkbox"/> postjudgment interest was ordered by the court	
Is this judgment arising out of services rendered at a hospital? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes				
If this is a judgment arising out of services rendered at a hospital, has a stay of a financial institution execution been entered pursuant to an installment payment order? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes				
If a stay of a financial institution execution has been entered, has the Judgment Debtor defaulted on an installment payment order? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (Specify): _____				
Signed (Judgment Creditor or Attorney)		Date signed	Telephone number	

Financial Institution Execution

To any proper officer,

Whereas on said Date of Judgment the above-named Judgment Creditor(s) recovered judgment against the above-named Judgment Debtor(s) before the above-named court for the amount of judgment, costs and fees stated above, as appears of record, whereof execution remains to be done. These are, therefore, **by authority of the state of Connecticut to command you:**

Within seven days from your receipt of this execution, make demand upon the main office of any financial institution having its main office within your county, or if such main office is not within your county and such financial institution has one or more branch offices within your county, upon an employee of such a branch office, such employee and such branch office having been designated by the financial institution in accordance with regulations adopted by the commissioner of banking, for payment to you pursuant to section 52-367b(b) of the general statutes of any nonexempt debt due said Judgment Debtor(s), which sum shall not exceed the total unpaid judgment, costs and fees as stated above, plus postjudgment interest as ordered by the court, if applicable, plus the application fee and other court ordered postjudgment costs and fees and your own fee. After having made such demand you are directed to serve a true and attested copy of this execution, together with the attached affidavit and exemption claim form, with your doings endorsed thereon, with the financial institution officer upon whom such demand was made. Said sum shall be received by you and applied on this execution in accordance with the provisions of section 52-367b of the general statutes. You shall not serve more than one financial institution execution per judgment debtor at a time, including copies thereof. After service of an execution on one financial institution, you shall not serve the same execution or a copy thereof upon another financial institution until receiving confirmation from the preceding financial institution that the judgment debtor had insufficient funds at the preceding financial institution available for collection to satisfy the execution, provided any such additional service is made not later than forty-five days from the receipt by you of such execution.

For Court Use Only

Hereof fail not, and make due return of this writ with your doings thereon, according to law.

Signed (Assistant Clerk)	Date signed
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NOTE: The provisions of section 52-367b, as amended from time to time, take precedence over these instructions.

Instructions To Financial Institution Upon Receipt Of A Financial Institution Execution When Judgment Debtor Is A Natural Person

1. If any funds are removed from the judgment debtor's account pursuant to subsection (c) of section 52-367b of the general statutes, complete section II of the accompanying Exemption Claim Form (JD-CV-24a) and send, forthwith, 2 copies of both this form and the Exemption Claim Form to the judgment debtor and to any secured party that is a party to a control agreement between you and such secured party under article 9 of title 42a of the general statutes, postage pre-paid, at the last known address of the judgment debtor and of any such secured party with respect to the affected accounts on the records of your institution.
2. Remove from the judgment debtor's account the amount of any debts due from you to the judgment debtor not exceeding the Total Amount Unpaid as appears on page 1 of this form plus interest and the Application Fee for Financial Institution Execution and other court ordered postjudgment costs or fees and the serving officer's fee, before your midnight deadline, as defined in section 42a-4-104 of the general statutes. If electronic direct deposits that are readily identifiable as exempt federal veterans' benefits, social security benefits, including, but not limited to, retirement, survivors' and disability benefits, supplemental security income benefits or child support payments processed and received pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act were made to the judgment debtor's account during the thirty-day period preceding the date that the execution was served on you, you shall leave the lesser of the account balance or one thousand dollars in the judgment debtors' account; provided nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit your right or obligation to remove such funds from the debtor's account if required by any other provision of law or by a court order. The judgment debtor shall have access to such funds left in the judgment debtor's account. You may notify the judgment creditor that funds have been left in the judgment debtor's account pursuant to this provision. Nothing herein shall alter the exempt status of funds which are exempt from execution under subsection (a) of section 52-367b of the general statutes or under any other provision of state or federal law, or the right of a judgment debtor to claim such exemption. Nothing herein shall be construed to affect any other rights or obligations of the financial institution with regard to the funds in the judgment debtor's account.
3. You must hold the amount removed from the judgment debtor's account pursuant to this execution for fifteen days from the date you mail the copies of this form and the Exemption Claim Form to the judgment debtor and any secured party. During such fifteen day period you must not pay the officer serving this execution.
4. If the judgment debtor returns the Exemption Claim Form or other written notice that an exemption is being claimed, and if any secured party delivers to you written notice of such secured party's claim of a prior perfected security interest in such deposit account, you must, within two business days of receipt of such notice, send a copy of such notice to the clerk of the court which issued the execution. You must continue to hold the amount removed from the judgment debtor's account for forty-five days or until a court order is received regarding disposition of the funds, whichever occurs earlier. If no order is received within forty-five days of the date you send a copy of the Exemption Claim Form or notice of exemption or a secured party claim notice to the clerk of the court, you must return the funds to the judgment debtor's account.
5. If you do not receive a claim of exemption or secured party claim notice within fifteen days of the mailing to the judgment debtor and any secured party of the execution and Exemption Claim Form you must, upon demand, forthwith pay the serving officer the amount removed from the judgment debtor's account.
6. If no exemption claim or secured party claim notice is filed or if the court orders you to pay the serving officer an amount removed from the judgment debtor's account not exceeding the amount due on the execution and you fail or refuse to do so, you shall be liable in an action therefor to the judgement creditor(s) named in the execution for the amount of nonexempt monies which you fail or refuse to pay over. If no exemption claim is filed or if the court orders you to pay the serving officer an amount removed from the judgment debtor's account not exceeding the amount due on the execution and you fail or refuse to do so, you shall be liable in an action therefor to the judgment creditor(s) name in the execution for the amount of nonexempt monies which you fail or refuse to pay over, excluding funds of up to one thousand dollars which you in good faith allowed the judgment debtor to access pursuant to subsection (c) of section 52-367b of the general statutes.
7. If you pay exempt monies from the account of the judgment debtor contrary to these instructions, or the provisions of section 52-367b of the general statutes, you shall be liable in an action therefor to the judgment debtor for any exempt monies so paid. If you pay exempt monies from the account of the judgment debtor contrary to these instructions, or the provisions of section 52-367b of the general statutes, you shall be liable in an action therefor to the judgment debtor for any exempt monies so paid and you shall refund or waive any charges of fees by you, including, but not limited to, dishonored check fees, overdraft fees or minimum balance service charges and legal process fees, which were assessed as a result of such payment of exempt monies.